

$$\textcircled{1} \quad h(t) = 5^{2t} \quad \text{Find } h(-2)$$
$$h(-2) = 5^{2(-2)} = 5^{-4} = \frac{1}{5^4} = \frac{1}{625}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad f(x) = 4x^2 + 5 \quad \text{find } f(3x)$$
$$f(3x) = 4(3x)^2 + 5$$
$$= 4(9x^2) + 5$$
$$= 36x^2 + 5$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad g(x) = x^2 + 1 \quad \text{find } g(x+3)$$
$$= (x+3)^2 + 1$$
$$= (x+3)(x+3) + 1$$
$$= x^2 + 6x + 9 + 1$$
$$= x^2 + 6x + 10$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad v(t) = \frac{t^2 + t}{2t - 1} \quad \text{find } v(t^3)$$
$$= \frac{(t^3)^2 + (t^3)}{2(t^3) - 1}$$
$$= \frac{t^6 + t^3}{2t^3 - 1}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \text{If } d(2) = 5 \text{ and } \underline{d(x) = 6x + k}$$

What is k ?

$$d(x) = 6x + k$$

$$6(2) + k = 5$$

$$12 + k = 5$$

$$k = -7$$